

# DOMINICA INFRA OCTAVAM NATIVITATIS

# SUNDAY WITHIN THE OCTAVE OF THE NATIVITY

## **ASPÉRGES**

Aspérges me. Dómine, hyssópo, et mundábor: Thou shalt sprinkle me, O Lord, with hyssop, lavábis me, et super nivem dealbábor.

Miserére mei, Deus, misericórdiam tuam. P. Glória Patri, et Fílio, et Have mercy on me, O God, according to Thy lavábis me, et super nivem dealbábor.

- P. Osténde nobis, Dómine, misericórdiam tuam. P. Show us, O Lord, Thy mercy.
- S. Et salutáre tuum da nobis.
- P. Dómine, exáudi oratiónem meam.
- S. Et clamor meus ad te véniat.
- P. Dóminus vobíscum.
- S. Et cum spíritu tuo.
- P. Orémus. Exáudi nos, Dómine sancte, Pater P. Let us pray. omnípotens, ætérne Deus, et míttere dignéris Hear us, O holy Lord, almighty Father, sanctum Angelum tuum de cælis, qui custódiat, everlasting God, and vouchsafe to send Thy fóveat, prótegat, vísitet, atque deféndat omnes holy Angel from heaven, to guard, cherish, habitantes in hoc habitaculo. Per Christum protect, visit and defend all that are assembled Dóminum nostrum.

S. Amen

and I shall be cleansed: Thou shalt wash me. secúndum magnam and I shall become whiter than snow.

Spirítui Sancto. S. Sicut erat in princípio, et great mercy. [Psalm 50] P. Glory be to the nunc, et semper, et in sæcula sæculórum. Amen. Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost. Aspérges me. Dómine, hyssópo, et mundábor: As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end. Amen.

- S. And grant us Thy salvation.
- P. O Lord, hear my prayer.
- S. And let my cry come unto Thee.
- P. The Lord be with you.
- S. And with thy spirit.

in this place: Through Christ our Lord.

S. Amen

# INTROIT Sap 18:14-15.

Dum médium siléntium tenérent ómnia, et nox When a in suo cursu médium iter háberet, omnípotens everything and the night in its swift course was Sermo tuus, Dómine, de coelis a regálibus half spent, Your all-powerful Word, O Lord, sédibus venit Ps 92:1 Dóminus regnávit, bounded from heaven's royal throne. Ps 92:1 decórem indútus est: indútus est Dóminus The Lord is King, in splendor robed; robed is fortitúdinem, et præcinxit se. V. Glória Patri. the Lord and girt about with strength. V. Glory Dum médium siléntium...

**COLLECT** 

Omnípotens sempitérne Deus, dírige actus O Almighty and eternal God, direct our actions nostros in beneplácito tuo: ut in nómine dilécti in conformity with Your will, that in the name of Fílii tui mereámur bonis opéribus abundáre: Qui Your beloved Son we may be worthy to do good tecum...

profound stillness be to the Father. When a profound stillness...

works in abundance: Who liveth...

#### **Pro Octava Nativitatis:**

Concéde, quaesumus, omnípotens Deus: ut nos new birth, in the flesh, of Your only-begotten Unigéniti tui nova per carnem Natívitas líberet: Son may deliver us whom the bondage of old quos sub peccáti jugo vetústa sérvitus tenet. Per keeps under the voke of sin. Through Our eundem Dominum nostrum...

#### EPISTLE Gal 4:1-7

si filius, et heres per Deum. R. Deo gratias

### GRADUAL Psalm 44:3; 44:2

gratia in lábiis tuis. V. Eructávit cor meum grace is poured out upon Your lips. V. My heart verbum bonum, dico ego ópera mea Regi: overflows with a goodly theme; as I sing my ode lingua mea cálamus scribæ, velóciter scribéntis. to the King, my tongue is nimble as the pen of a Allelúja, allelúja Ps 92:1. Dóminus regnávit, skillful scribe. Allelúja, allelúja. V. Ps 92:1 The decórem índuit: índuit Dóminus fortitúdinem, et Lord is King, in splendor robed; robed is the præcínxit se virtúte. Allelúja.

#### GOSPEL S. Luc 2:33-40

multis córdibus cogitatiónes. Et erat Anna prophetíssa, filia Phánuel, de tribu Aser: hæc procésserat in diébus multis, et víxerat cum viro discedébat de templo, jejúniis et obsecratiónibus sérviens nocte ac die. Et hæc, ipsa hora supervéniens. confitebátur Dómino, loquebátur de illo ómnibus, qui exspectábant redemptiónem Israël. Et ut perfecérunt ómnia secúndum legem Dómini, revérsi sunt

Grant, we beseech You, almighty God, that the

Lesson from the letter of St Paul the Apostle to Lectio Epístolæ beati Pauli Apostoli ad Gálatas. the Galatians. Brethren: As long as the heir is a Patres: Quanto témpore heres párvulus est, nihil child, he differs in no way from a slave, though differt a servo, cum sit dóminus ómnium: sed he is the master of all; but he is under sub tutóribus et actóribus est usque ad guardians an stewards until the time set by his præfinitum tempus a patre: ita et nos, cum father. So we too, when we were children, were essémus párvuli, sub eleméntis mundi erámus enslaved under the elements of the world. But serviéntes. At ubi venit plenitúdo témporis, when the fullness of time came, God sent His misit Deus Fílium suum, factum ex mulíere, Son, born of a woman, born under the Law, that factum sub lege, ut eos, qui sub lege erant, He might redeem those who were under the redímeret, ut adoptionem filiórum reciperémus. Law, that we might receive the adoption of sons. Quóniam autem estis filii, misit Deus Spíritum And because you are sons, God has sent the Fílii sui in corda vestra, clamántem: Abba, Spirit of His Son into our hearts, crying, Abba, Pater. Itaque jam non est servus, sed filius: quod Father. So that He is no longer a slave, but a son; and if a son, an heir also through God. R. Thanks be to God.

Speciósus forma præ filiis hóminum: diffúsa est Fairer in beauty are You than the sons of men; Lord and girt about with strength. Alleluia.

In illo témpore: Erat Joseph et Maria Mater At that time, Joseph and Mary, the mother of Jesu, mirántes super his quæ dicebántur de illo. Jesus were marvelling at the things spoken Et benedixit illis Simeon, et dixit ad Mariam concerning Him. And Simeon blessed them, and Matrem ejus: Ecce, pósitus est hic in ruínam et said to Mary His mother, Behold, this Child is in resurrectionem multorum in Israël: et in destined for the fall and for the rise of many in signum, cui contradicétur: et tuam ipsíus Israel, and for a sign that shall be contradicted. ánimam pertransíbit gládius, ut reveléntur ex And your own soul a sword shall pierce, that the thoughts of many hearts may be revealed. There was also Anna, a prophetess, daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Aser. She was of a great age, having lived with her husband seven years usque ad annos octogínta quátuor: quæ non from her maidenhood, and by herself as a widow with fastings and prayers worshipping night and day. And coming up at that very hour, she began to give praise to the Lord, and spoke of Him to all who were awaiting the redemption of Jerusalem. And when they had fulfilled all things as in prescribed in the Law of the Lord, they returned

autem crescébat, et confortabátur, plenus the Child grew and became strong. He was full of sapiéntia: et grátia Dei erat in illo.

**R.** Laus tibi, Christe!

Galilaeam in civitátem suam Názareth. Puer to Galilee, into their own town of Nazareth. And wisdom and the grace of God was upon Him. R. Praise be to Thee. O Christ.

#### **OFFERTORY** *Psalm* 92:1-2

qui firmávit orbem terræ, commovébitur: paráta sedes tua. Deus, ex tunc, Your throne, O God, stands firm from of old; a saeculo tu es.

non God has made the world firm, not to be moved. from everlasting You are.

#### **SECRET**

óculis tuæ majestátis munus oblátum, et grátiam gift offered in the sight of Your majesty may nobis piæ devotiónis obtineat, et efféctum beátæ obtain for us the grace of reverent devotion and perennitátis acquírat. Per Dóminum...

Concéde, quaesumus, omnípotens Deus: ut Grant, we beseech You, almighty God, that the secure us eternal happiness. Through our Lord.

#### **Pro Octava Nativitatis:**

emúnda. nostrórum máculis Per Dominum nostrum...

### PREFACE Of The Nativity

Ángelis et Archángelis, cum Thronis fine dicéntes:

Obláta, Dómine, múnera, nova Unigéniti tui Make holy the sacrificial gifts we offer, O Lord, Nativitate sanctifica: nosque a peccatórum and by the new birth of Your only-begotten Son eundem cleanse us from the stains of our sins. Through Our Lord...

It is truly meet and just, right and for our Vere dignum et justum est, aéquum et salutáre, salvation, that we should at all times and in all nos tibi semper, et ubíque grátias ágere: Dómine places, give thanks unto Thee, O holy Lord, sancte, Pater omnípotens, ætérne Deus: Quia per Father almighty, everlasting God, for through the incarnáti Verbi mystérium, nova mentis nostræ mystery of the Word made flesh, the new light of óculis lux tuæ claritátis infúlsit: ut dum Thy glory hath shone upon the eyes of our mind, visibíliter Deum cognóscimus, per hunc in so that while we acknowledge God in visible invisibílium amórem rapíamur. Et ídeo cum form, we may through Him be drawn to the love et of things invisible. And therefore with Angels and Dominatiónibus, cumque omni milítia cæléstis Archangels, with Thrones and Dominations, and exércitus, hymnum glóriæ tuæ cánimus, sine with all the hosts of the heavenly army, we sing the hymn of Thy glory, ever more saying:

#### PROPER COMMUNICÁNTES

Communicántes. et...

et noctem sacratissimam Having communion in, and keeping this most celebrántes, qua beátæ Maríæ intemeráta holy night, on which the spotless virginity of virgínitas huic mundo édidit Salvatórem: sed et blessed Mary brought forth a Savior to this memóriam venerántes, in primis ejúsdem world; and also reverencing the memory first of gloriósæ semper Vírginis Maríæ, Genitrícis the same glorious Mary, ever Virgin, Mother of ejúsdem Dei et Dómini nostri Jesu Christi: sed the same our God and Lord Jesus Christ: as also...

#### **COMMUNION ANTIPHON Matt 2:20**

ánimam Púeri.

Tolle Púerum et Matrem ejus, et vade in terram Take the Child and His mother, and go into the Israël: defúncti sunt enim, qui quærébant land of Israel, for those who sought the Child's *life are dead.* 

#### POSTCOMMUNION COLLECT

Per hujus, Dómine, operatiónem mystérii, et By the working of this sacrament, O Lord, may vitia nostra purgéntur, et justa desidéria our sins be erased and our just desires fulfilled. compleántur. Per eúmdem Dóminum... *Through the same...* 

#### Pro Octava Nativitatis.

Præsta, quaesumus, omnípotens Deus: ut natus *Grant, we beseech You, almighty God, that the* hódie Salvátor mundi, sicut divínæ nobis *Savior of the world, born this day, Who is the* generatiónis est auctor; ita et immortalitátis sit *author of our birth in godliness, may bestow on* ipse largítor: Qui tecum vivit et regnat... *us immortal life. Who livest and reignest...* 

#### **TODAY'S REFLECTIONS**

**THE EPISTLE:** St. Paul desired to instruct the Galatians, many of whom still clung to the Mosaic law, that this was no longer necessary, because Christ had freed them from its hard bondage, which contained merely the rudiments, so to speak, of the one only saving faith, and had made them children and heirs of God, for which they should rejoice.

Ours is a far greater happiness than that which the Jews received, because we, through our ancestors, were converted by apostolic messengers of the faith from heathenism to the true, saving Catholic faith, and by this holy religion were changed from vassals of Satan, into children and heirs of God. What a great advantage is this! Must it not be dearer to us than all the kingdoms of the world? Let us thank the Lord for it, and be careful not to lose this prerogative of being a child of God, an heir to heaven, let us not by sin give ourselves anew, as voluntary slaves to Satan.

THE GOSPEL: Why did Mary and Joseph wonder at the things which were spoken of the child Jesus? They wondered, not because that which was said of the child Jesus by Simeon was new to them, for they already knew why He was sent from God, but because of the marvellous ways in which God revealed the mysteries of the new-born Savior to Simeon, the shepherds, and to other pious people. How is Christ set for the fall of many? Christ is set for the fall, that is, for the eternal damnation, of all those who either reject His doctrine, or live not according to its teachings. They themselves, not Christ, are the cause of their damnation on account of their perversity and hard-heartedness. "If I had not come and spoken to them," says Christ, "they would not have sin: but now they have no excuse for their sin" (Jn. 15:22). For whom is Christ the resurrection? For those who believe in Him, and live in accordance with the teachings of His doctrine. These, if they persevere will at the Last Day rise to eternal life. Why is Christ a sign that shall be contradicted? Because, by His birth from a virgin, by His life and death, and especially by His heavenly doctrine, which is entirely opposed to the carnal spirit of this world. Christ became an object of mockery and blasphemy. Even now, according to the saying of St. Bernard, Christ is a sign of contradiction for many Christians who contradict His humility by their pride, His poverty by their avarice, His fasting by their gluttony, His purity by their impurity, His zeal by their indolence, etc., thus denying by their actions that which they confess with their lips, proving thereby that they are Christians but in name, of whom it is written: "Thou hast the name of being alive, but thou art dead" (Apoc. 3:1). What is meant by these words: Thy own soul a sword shall pierce? It means that the greatest grief should cut like a sword through the inmost parts of the soul, which came to pass, when Mary heard the calumnies and blasphemies of the Jews against her Son, and when she saw Him die on the cross between two thieves. Meditating on this grief of the most loving mother Mary, St. Bonaventure exclaims: "Never was there grief so great, for never was there a Son so loved!" What else do we learn from this gospel? The widows should learn from Anna, who spent nearly all her life in the temple, to serve God by prayer and fasting; for a widow who prays not, but lives in pleasures, is dead, while she is living (I Tim. 5:6). Parents should learn from it, to be careful that their children not only increase in knowledge, but that they by a pious life advance in grace before God and man.