

DOMINICA II in QUADRAGESIMA

THE ANGELUS

V. The Angel of the Lord brought tidings to V. And the Word was made flesh R. And dwelt amongst us Marv

R. And she conceived by the Holy Ghost.

thee, blessed art thou among women and promises of Christ blessed is the fruit of thy womb, Jesus.

sinners now and at the hour of our death. known the Incarnation of Thy Son, Jesus Christ, Amen

V. Behold the handmaid of the Lord

R. Be it done unto me according to Thy word His Resurrection. Through Christ Our Lord. Hail Mary etc... R. Amen.

ASPÉRGES

Aspérges me. Dómine, hyssópo, et mundábor: Thou shalt sprinkle me, O Lord, with hyssop, lavábis me, et super nivem dealbábor.

Miserére mei. Deus, nunc, et semper, et in sæcula sæculórum. Amen. Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost. lavábis me, et super nivem dealbábor.

V. Osténde nobis, Dómine, misericórdiam tuam. V. Show us, O Lord, Thy mercy.

R. Et salutáre tuum da nobis.

V. Dómine, exáudi oratiónem meam.

R. Et clamor meus ad te véniat.

V. Dóminus vobíscum.

R. Et cum spíritu tuo.

V. Orémus. Exáudi nos, Dómine sancte, Pater V. Let us pray. Hear us, O holy Lord, almighty sanctum Angelum tuum de cælis, qui custódiat, Thy holy Angel from heaven, to guard, cherish, habitántes in hoc habitáculo. Per Christum in this place: Through Christ our Lord. Dóminum nostrum, **R. Amen**

Hail Mary etc...

V. Pray for us O holy Mother of God

V. Hail Mary full of grace, the Lord is with R. That we may be made worthy of the

V. Let us pray; Pour forth we beseech Thee, O R. Holy Mary, Mother of God, pray for us Lord, Thy grace into our hearts; that as we have by the message of an Angel, so by His Cross + and Passion may we come to know the glory of

and I shall be cleansed; Thou shalt wash me, secúndum magnam and I shall become whiter than snow.

misericórdiam tuam. P. Glória Patri, et Fílio, et Have mercy on me, O God, according to Thy Spirítui Sancto. S. Sicut erat in princípio, et great mercy. [Psalm 50] P.Glory be to the Aspérges me. Dómine, hyssópo, et mundábor: As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end. Amen.

> R. And grant us Thy salvation. *V. O Lord, hear my prayer.* R. And let my cry come unto Thee. *V. The Lord be with you.* R. And with thy spirit.

omnípotens, ætérne Deus, et míttere dignéris Father, everlasting God, and vouchsafe to send fóveat, prótegat, vísitet, atque deféndat omnes protect, visit and defend all that are assembled

R. Amen

INTROIT *Psalm* 24:6; 24:3; 24:22

Reminíscere miseratiónum tuarum, Dómine, et Remember that Your compassion, O Lord, and misericórdiæ tuæ, quæ a saeculo sunt: ne umquam Your kindness are from of old; let not our enemies dominéntur nobis inimíci nostri: líbera nos, Deus exult over us; deliver us, O God of Israel, from all Israël, ex ómnibus angústiis nostris. Ps 24:1-2 Ad our tribulations. Ps 24:1-2 To You I lift up my te, Dómine, levávi ánimam meam: Deus meus, in soul, O Lord; in You, O my God, I trust; let me te confido, non erubéscam. V. Glória Patri etc, not be put to shame. V. Glory be to the Father. Reminíscere...

COLLECT

intérius exteriúsque custódi; ut ab ómnibus strength, guard us inwardly and outwardly, that in adversitátibus muniámur In córpore, et a pravis body we may be protected against all misfortunes, cogitatiónibus mundémur in mente. Dominum...

Ad poscenda suffragia Sanctorum

A cunctis nos, quaesumus, Dómine, mentis et From all perils of soul and body defend us, O córporis defénde perículis: et, intercedénte beáta Lord, we beseech thee, and by the intercession of et gloriósa semper Vírgine Dei Genetríce María, blessed and gloriosus ever Virgin Mary, Mother cum beáto Joseph, beátis Apóstolis tuis Petro et of God, of blessed Joseph, of thy blessed apostles Paulo, atque beáto N. et ómnibus Sanctis, Peter and Paul, and of blessed N. and all the salútem nobis tríbue benígnus et pacem; ut, Saints, graciously grant us safety and peace that destrúctis adversitátibus et erróribus univérsis, Ecclesia tua secúra tibi sérviat libertáte...

Pro vivis et mortuos

Omnípotens sempitérne Deus, qui vivórum Omnípotens sempitérne Deus, domináris simul et mortuórum, omniúmque domináris simul et mortuórum, omniúmque miseréris, quos tuos fide et ópere futúros esse miseréris, quos tuos fide et ópere futúros esse prænóscis: te súpplices exorámus; ut, pro quibus prænóscis: te súpplices exorámus; ut, pro quibus effundere preces decrévimus, quosque vel effundere preces decrévimus, quosque vel præsens præsens saeculum adhuc in carne rétinet, vel saeculum adhuc in carne rétinet, vel futúrum jam futúrum jam exútos córpore suscépit, intercedéntibus ómnibus Sanctis tuis, pietátis tuæ deméntia ómnium delictórum suórum véniam consequántur. Per Dominum nostrum Jesum Christum, Filium tuum: qui tecum vivit et regnat in unitate Spiritus Sancti Deus, per omnia saecula saeculorum. R. Amen.

EPISTLE 1 Thess 4:1-7. 2 Léctio Epístolæ beáti Lesson from the Epistle of Blessed Paul the Pauli Apóstoli ad Thessalonicénses.

Fratres: Rogámus vos et obsecrámus in Dómino Brethren: Even as you have learned from us Jesu: ut, quemádmodum accepístis a nobis, how you ought to walk to please God - as quómodo opórteat vos ambuláre et placére Deo, indeed you are walking - we beseech and exhort sic et ambulétis, ut abundétis magis. Scitis enim, you in the Lord Jesus to make even greater quæ præcépta déderim vobis Per Dominum progress. For you know what precepts I have Jesum. Hæc est enim volúntas Dei, sanctificátio given to you by the Lord Jesus. For this is the vestra: ut abstineátis vos a fornicatióne, ut sciat will of God, your sanctification; that you unusquísque vestrum vas suum possidére in abstain from immorality; that every one of you

Remember...

Deus, qui cónspicis omni nos virtúte destítui: O God, You Who see how we are deprived of all Per and in mind cleansed of evil thoughts. Through Jesus Christ, thy Son our Lord ...

For the intercession of the Saints

all adversities and errors being overcome, thy Church may serve thee in security and freedom...

For the Living and the Departed

qui vivórum exútos córpore suscépit, intercedéntibus ómnibus Sanctis tuis, pietátis tuæ deméntia ómnium delictórum suórum véniam conseauántur. Through Jesus Christ, thy Son our Lord, Who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, ever one God, world without end. R. Amen.

Apostle to the Thessalonians.

sanctificatione et honore; non in passione learn how to possess his vessel in holiness and

desidérii, sicut et gentes, quæ ignórant Deum: et honor, not in the passion of lust like the Gentiles ne quis supergrediátur neque circumvéniat in who do not know God; that no one transgress negótio fratrem suum: quóniam vindex est and overreach his brother in the matter, because Dóminus de his ómnibus, sicut prædíximus vobis the Lord is the avenger of all these things, as we et testificáti sumus. Non enim vocávit nos Deus in have told you before and have testified. For immundítiam, sed in sanctificatiónem: in Christo God has not called us unto uncleanness, but Jesu, Dómino nostro. R. Deo gratias

GRADUAL Psalm 24:17-18

necessitátibus meis éripe me, Dómine, V. Vide me from my necessities, O Lord. V. See my humilitatem meam et laborem meum: et dimítte abjection and my labor, and forgive me all my ómnia peccáta mea.

TRACT *Psalm* 105:1-1

in saeculum misericórdia ejus. V. Quis loquétur the powers of the Lord : who shall set forth all poténtias Dómini: audítas fáciet omnes laudes His praises? V. Blessed are they that keep ejus? V. Beáti, qui custódiunt judícium et judgment and do justice at all times. V. fáciunt justítiam in omni témpore. V. Meménto Remember us, O Lord, in the favor of Thy nostri, Dómine, in beneplácito pópuli tui: vísita people; visit us with Thy salvation. nos in salutári tuo.

GOSPEL St. Matt 17:1-9

In illo témpore: Assúmpsit Jesus Petrum, et brother John, and led them up a high mountain Jacóbum, et Joánnem fratrem eius, et duxit illos by themselves, and was transfigured before in montem excélsum seórsum: et transfigurátus them. And His face shone as the sun, and His est ante eos. Et resplénduit fácies ejus sicut sol: garments became white as snow. And behold, vestiménta autem ejus facta sunt alba sicut nix. there appeared to them Moses and Elias talking Et ecce, apparuérunt illis Móyses et Elías cum together with Him. Then Peter addressed Jesus, eo loquéntes. Respóndens autem Petrus, dixit ad saving, Lord, it is good for us to be here. If You Jesum: Dómine, bonum est nos hic esse: si vis, will, let us set up three tents here, one for You, faciámus hic tria tabernácula, tibi unum, Móysi one for Moses, and one for Elias. As he was still unum et Elíæ unum. Adhuc eo loquénte, ecce, speaking, behold, a bright cloud overshadowed nubes lúcida obumbrávit eos. Et ecce vox de them, and behold, a voice out of the cloud said, nube, dicens: Hic est Fílius meus diléctus, in This is My beloved Son, in Whom I am well quo mihi bene complácui: ipsum audíte. Et pleased; hear Him. And on hearing it the audiéntes discípuli, cecidérunt in fáciem suam, disciplines fell on their faces and were et timuérunt valde. Et accéssit Jesus, et tétigit exceedingly afraid. And Jesus came near and eos, dixítque eis: Súrgite, et nolíte timére. touched them, and said to them, Arise, and do Levántes autem óculos suos, néminem vidérunt not be afraid. But lifting up their eyes, they saw nisi solum Jesum. Et descendéntibus illis de no one but Jesus only. And as they were coming monte, præcépit eis Jesus, dicens: Némini down from the mountain, Jesus cautioned them, dixéritis visiónem, donec Fílius hóminis a saying, Tell the vision to no one, till the Son of mórtuis resúrgat. R. Laus tibi, Christe!

OFFERTORY *Psalm 118:47; 118:48*

levábo manus meas ad mandáta tua, quæ diléxi. commands, which I love.

SECRET

Sacrificiis præséntibus, Dómine, quaesumus, the offerings here before You, that they may be inténde placátus: ut et devotióni nostræ beneficial for our devotion and for our

unto holiness, in Christ Jesus our Lord.

Tribulationes cordis mei dilatatæ sunt: de The troubles of my heart are multiplied : deliver sins.

Give glory to the Lord, for He is good : for His Confitémini Dómino, quóniam bonus: quóniam mercy endureth for ever. V. Who shall declare

> At that time. Jesus took Peter. James and his Man has risen from the dead.

I will delight in Your commands, which I love Meditábor in mandátis tuis, quæ diléxi valde: et *exceedingly; and I will lift up my hands to Your*

Look with favor, we beseech You, O Lord, upon

proficiant et salúti. Per Dominum...

Ad poscenda suffragia Sanctorum

præsénti, et glóriam in futuro...

Pro vivis et mortuos

Deus, cui soli cógnitus est númerus electórum Deus, cui soli cógnitus est númerus electórum tríbue, in felicitáte locándus: in supérna quaesumus; ut, intercedéntibus ómnibus Sanctis quaesumus; ut, intercedéntibus ómnibus Sanctis tuis, universórum. quos in oratióne tuis. commendátas suscépimus, et ómnium fidélium commendátas suscépimus, et ómnium fidélium nómina beátæ prædestinatiónis liber adscrípta nómina beátæ prædestinatiónis liber adscrípta Dominum nostrum retíneat. Per Christum, Filium tuum: qui tecum vivit et Lord, Who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the regnat in unitate Spiritus Sancti Deus, per unity of the Holy Ghost, ever one God, world omnia saecula saeculorum. R. Amen.

PREFACE de Quadragesima

Vere dignum et justum est, æquum et salutáre, salvation, that we should at all times, and in all nos tibi semper et ubíque grátias ágere: Dómine places, give thanks unto Thee, O holy Lord, sancte, Pater omnípotens, ætérne Deus: Qui Father almighty, everlasting God; Who by this corporáli jejúnio vitia cómprimis, mentem bodily fast, dost curb our vices, dost lift up our élevas, virtútem largíris et proemia: per minds and bestow on us strength and rewards; Christum, Dóminum nostrum. Per quem through Christ our Lord. Through whom the majestátem tuam laudant Angeli, Dominatiónes. tremunt Potestátes. coelorúmque Virtútes ac beáta Séraphim sócia exsultatióne concélebrant. Cum quibus et nostras voces ut admítti júbeas, deprecámur, súpplici confessióne dicéntes:

COMMUNION ANTIPHON *Psalm 5:2-4*

Intéllege clamórem meum: inténde voci Attend to my sighing; heed my call for help, my oratiónis meæ, Rex meus et Deus meus: King and my God! To You I pray, O Lord. quóniam ad te orábo, Dómine.

POSTCOMMUNION COLLECT

Súpplices te rogámus, omnípotens Deus: ut those whom You refresh with Your sacrament quos tuis réficis sacraméntis, tibi etiam plácitis may also worthily serve You in a way pleasing móribus dignánter deservíre concédas. Per to You. Through Jesus Christ, thy Son our Dominum...

Ad poscenda suffragia Sanctorum

Mundet et múniat nos, quaesumus, Dómine, May the offering of this divine Sacrament divíni munus oblátum: sacraménti intercedénte beáta Vírgine Dei Genetríce María, and by the intercession of the Blessed Virgin cum beáto Joseph, beátis Apóstolis tuis Petro et Mary, Mother of God, of blessed Joseph, of thy Paulo, atque beáto N. et ómnibus Sanctis; a blessed Apostles Peter and Paul, and of blessed cunctis nos reddat et perversitátibus expiátos, et N. and all the Saints, may it purify us from all adversitátibus expedítos...

salvation. Through our Lord...

For the intercession of the Saints

Exáudi nos, Deus, salutáris noster: ut, per hujus Hear us, O God, our salvation that through the sacraménti virtútem, a cunctis nos mentis et power of this Sacrament thou mayest defend us córporis hóstibus tueáris; grátiam tríbuens in from all enemies of soul and body and bestow upon us grace here and glory hereafter...

For the living and the departed

supérna felicitáte locándus: tríbue. universórum. auos in oratióne Jesum retineat. Through Jesus Christ, thy Son our without end. R. Amen.

It it truly meet and just, right and for our adórant Angels praise Thy Majesty, the Dominations Coeli worship it, the Powers stand in awe. The Heavens and the heavenly hosts together with the blessed Seraphim in triumphant chorus unite to celebrate it. Together with these we entreat Thee that Thou mayest bid our voices also to be admitted while we say with lowly praise:

O almighty God, we humbly beseech You that Lord...

For the intercession of the Saints

et, cleanse and protect us, O Lord we beseech thee, sin, and free us from all adversity.

Pro vivis et mortuos

Puríficent nos, quaesumus, omnípotens miséricors Deus, sacraménta quæ súmpsimus: purify us, we beseech Thee, O almighty and et, intercedéntibus ómnibus Sanctis tuis, præsta; merciful Lord; and through the intercession of all ut hoc tuum sacraméntum non sit nobis reátus Thy saints, grant that this Thy sacrament may not ad poenam, sed intercéssio salutáris ad véniam: be unto us a condemnation, but a salutary sit ablútio scélerum, sit fortitúdo fragílium, sit intercession for pardon; may it be the washing contra ómnia mundi perícula firmaméntum: sit away of sin, the strength of the weak, a protection vivórum atque mortuórum fidélium remíssio against all dangers of the world, and a remission ómnium delictórum. Per Dominum nostrum Jesum Christum, Filium tuum: qui tecum vivit et regnat in unitate Spiritus Sancti Deus, per omnia saecula saeculorum, R. Amen.

For the Living and the Dead

et May the sacraments which we have received of all the sins of the faithful, whether living or dead. Through our Lord Jesus Christ, Who livest and reignest, with God the Father, in the unity of the Holy Ghost, one God For ever and ever.

TODAY'S REFLECTIONS

The subject offered to our consideration, on this Second Sunday, is one of the utmost importance for the holy Season. The Church applies to us the lesson which our Saviour gave to three of his Apostles. Let us endeavour to be more attentive to it than they were.

Jesus was about to pass from Galilee into Judea, that he might go up to Jerusalem, and be present at the Feast of the Pasch. It was that last Pasch, which was to begin with the immolation of the figurative lamb, and end with the sacrifice of the Lamb of God, who taketh away the sins of the world. Jesus would have his disciples know him. His works had borne testimony to him, even to those who were, in a manner, strangers to him; but as for his Disciples, had they not every reason to be faithful to him, even to death? Had they not listened to his words, which had such power with them, that they forced conviction? Had they not experienced his love, which it was impossible to resist? and had they not seen how patiently he had borne with their strange and untoward ways? -Yes, they must have known him. They had heard one of their company. Peter, declare that he was the Christ, the Son of the Living God [St. Matth. xvi. 16]. Notwithstanding this, the trial to which their faith was soon to be put, was to be of such a terrible kind, that Jesus would mercifully arm them against temptation by an extraordinary grace.

The Cross was to be a scandal and stumbling block [1 Cor. i. 23] to the Synagogue, and, alas! to more than it. Jesus said to his Apostles, at the Last Supper: All of you shall be scandalized in me this night [St. Matth. xxvi. 32]. Carnal-minded as they then were, what would they think, when they should see him seized by armed men, handcuffed, hurried from one tribunal to another, and he doing nothing to defend himself! And when they found, that the High Priests and Pharisees, who had hitherto been so often foiled by the wisdom and miracles of Jesus, had now succeeded in their conspiracy against him, - what a shock to their confidence! But, there was to be something more trying still: the people, who, but a few days before, greeted him so enthusiastically with their hosannas, would demand his execution, and he would have to die, between two thieves, on the Cross, amidst the insults of his triumphant enemies.

Is it not to be feared that these Disciples of his, when they witness his humiliations and sufferings, will lose their courage? They have lived in his company for three years; but when they see, that the things be foretold would happen to him are really fulfilled, - with the remembrance of all they have seen and heard, keep them loyal to him? or will they turn cowards and flee from him? - Jesus selects three out of the number, who are especially dear to him: Peter, whom he has made the Rock, on which his Church is to be built, and to whom he has promised the Keys of the kingdom of heaven; James, the son of Thunder, who is to be the first Martyr of the Apostolic College; and John, James' brother, and his own Beloved Disciple. Jesus has resolved to take them aside, and show them a glimpse of that glory, which until the day fixed for its manifestation, he conceals from the eyes of mortals.

He therefore leaves the rest of his Disciples in the plain near Nazareth, and goes in company with the three privileged ones, towards a high hill, called Thabor, which is a continuation of Libanus, and which the Psalmist tells us was to rejoice in the Name of the Lord [Ps. lxxxviii. 13]. No sooner has he reached the summit of the mountain, than the three Apostles observe a sudden change come over him; his Face shines as the sun, and his humble garments become white as snow. They observe two venerable men approach, and speak with him upon what he was about to suffer in Jerusalem. One is Moses, the lawgiver; the other is Elias, the Prophet, who was taken up from earth on a fiery chariot, without having passed through the gates of death. These two great representatives of the Jewish Religion, the Law and the Prophets, humbly adore Jesus of Nazareth. The three Apostles are not only dazzled by the brightness which comes from their Divine Master; but they are filled with such a rapture of delight, that they cannot bear the thought of leaving the place. Peter proposes to remain there for ever and build three tabernacles, for Jesus, Moses, and Elias. And whilst they are admiring the glorious sight, and gazing on the beauty of their Jesus' human Nature, a bright cloud overshadows them, and a voice is heard speaking to them: it is the voice of the Eternal Father, proclaiming the Divinity of Jesus, and saying: This my beloved Son!

This transfiguration of the Son of Man, this manifestation of his glory, lasted but a few moments; his mission was not on Thabor; it was humiliation and suffering in Jerusalem. He therefore withdrew into himself the brightness he had allowed to transpire; and when he came to the three Apostles, who, on hearing the voice from the cloud, had fallen on their faces with fear, - they could see no one save only Jesus. The bright cloud was gone; Moses and Elias had disappeared. What a favour they have had bestowed upon them! Will they remember what they have seen and heard? They have had such a revelation of the Divinity of their dear Master! - is it possible, that when the hour of trial comes, they will forget it, and doubt his being God? and, when they see him suffer and die, be ashamed of him and deny him? Alas! the Gospel has told us what happened to them.

A. short time after this, our Lord celebrated his Last Supper with his Disciples. When the Supper was over, he took them to another mount, Mount Olivet, which lies to the east of Jerusalem. Leaving the rest at the entrance of the Garden, he advances with Peter, James, and John, and then says to them: My soul is sorrowful even unto death: stay you here, and watch with me [St. Matth. xxvi. 38]. He then retires some little distance from them, and prays to his Eternal Father. The Heart of our Redeemer is weighed down with anguish. When he returns to his three Disciples, he is enfeebled by the Agony he has suffered, and his garments are saturated with Blood. The Apostles are aware that he is sad even unto death, and that the hour is close at hand when he is to be attacked: are they keeping watch? are they ready to defend him? No: they seem to have forgotten him; they are fast asleep, for their eyes are heavy [Ibid. 43]. Yet a few moments, and all will have fled from him; and Peter, the bravest of them all, will be taking his oath that he never knew the Man.

After the Resurrection, our three Apostles made ample atonement for this cowardly and sinful conduct, and acknowledged the mercy wherewith Jesus had sought to fortify them against temptation, by showing them his glory on Thabor, a few days before his Passion. Let us not wait till we have betrayed him: let us at once acknowledge that he is our Lord and our God. We are soon to be keeping the anniversary of his Sacrifice; like the Apostles, we are to see him humbled

by his enemies and bearing, in our stead, the chastisements of Divine Justice. We must not allow our faith to be weakened, when we behold the fulfilment of those prophecies of David and Isaias, that the Messias is to be treated as a worm of the earth [Ps. xxi. 7], and be covered with wounds, so as to become like a leper, the most abject of men, and the Man of sorrows [Is. liii. 3,4]. We must remember the grand things of Thabor, and the adorations paid him by Moses and Elias, and the bright cloud, and the voice of the Eternal Father. The more we see him humbled, the more must we proclaim his glory and divinity; we must join our acclamations with those of the Angels and the Four-and-Twenty Elders, whom St. John, (one of the witnesses of the Transfiguration,) heard crying out with a loud voice: The Lamb that was slain, is worthy to receive power and divinity, and wisdom, and strength, and honour, and glory, and benediction! [Apoc. v. 12].

The Second Sunday of Lent is called, from the first word of the Introit, Reminiscere; and also Transfiguration-Sunday, on account of the Gospel which is read in the Mass.

The Station at Rome is in the Church of St. Mary in Dominica, on Monte Celio. Tradition tells us that in this Basilica was the Diaconium of which St. Laurence had charge, and from which he distributed to the poor the alms of the Church.

The Church, **in the Introit**, encourages us to confidence in God, who will deliver us from our enemies, if we ask it of him with fervent prayer. There are two favours which, during Lent, we ought to beseech him to grant us: the pardon of our sins, and his help to avoid a relapse. **In the Collect**, we beg of God to watch over us in all our necessities, both of body and soul. If our prayer be humble and earnest, it will be granted. God will provide for us in our corporal necessities, and will defend our souls against the suggestions of our enemy, who strives to sully even our thoughts.

In the Epistle the Apostle shows what manner of life should be followed by Christians; and the Church, by repeating his words, exhorts the Faithful to profit of the present Season of grace, and regain all the beauty of the image of God, which the grace of Baptism first gave them. A Christian is a vessel of honour, formed and enriched by the hand of God; let him, therefore, shun whatsoever would degrade his noble origin, and turn him into a vessel of dishonour, fit only to be broken and cast with the unclean into the sink of hell. The Christian Religion has so far ennobled man, that even his very body may share in the soul's sanctity; on the other hand, she teaches us, that this sanctity of the soul is impaired, yea altogether effaced, by the loss of the body's purity The whole man, therefore, both body and soul, is to be reformed by the practices of this holy Season. Let us purify the soul by the confession of our sins, by compunction of heart, by the love of God; and let us give back its dignity to the Body, by making it bear the yoke of penance, that so it may be, henceforth, subservient and docile to the Soul, and, on the day of the general Resurrection, partake in her endless bliss.

In the Gradual, man cries out to his God to deliver him from the evils that threaten him, and give him victory over the invisible enemy, who so cruelly humbles and insults him.

The Tract is both a canticle of confidence in the divine mercy, and a prayer addressed by the Church to her Saviour, beseeching him to visit and save her faithful children on the great Feast, which is still so far off, but towards which each day brings us nearer.

The Gospel Thus did Jesus encourage his Apostles, when the time of temptation was near; he sought to impress them with his glory, that it might keep up their faith in that trying time, when the outward eye would see nothing in his person but weakness and humiliation. Oh! the loving considerateness of divine grace, which is never wanting, and shows us, in so strong a light, the

goodness and the justice of our God! Like the Apostles, we, also, have sinned like them, we have neglected to profit of the help that was sent us from heaven; we have shut our eyes against the light; we have forgotten the fair vision that was granted us, and which made us so fervent and happy;- and we fell. We have not, then, been tempted above our strength [1 Cor. x. 13], and it is indeed our own fault that we committed sin. The three Apostles were exposed to a terrible temptation, when they beheld their Divine Master robbed of all his majesty; but how easy for them to resist the temptation. By thinking of what they had seen, but a few days before:- Instead of that, they lost their courage, and forgot prayer, which would have brought their courage back; and thus the favoured witnesses of Thabor became cowards and deserters in the Garden of Mount Olivet. There was but one thing left them to do, - throw themselves upon the loving mercy of their Jesus, as soon as he had triumphed over his enemies; they did so, and his generous Heart pardoned them.

Let us imitate them here too. We have abused the grace of God and rendered it fruitless, by our want of correspondence. The fountain of this Grace, is not yet dried up; as long as we are in this world, we may always draw from this source, which comes from the Blood and merits of our Redeemer. It is Grace that is now urging us to the amendment of our lives. It is given to us in abundance during the present time, and it is given mainly by the holy exercises of Lent. Let us go up the mountain with Jesus; there, we shall not be disturbed by the noise of earthly things. Let us there spend our forty days with Moses and Elias, who, long before us, sanctified this number by their fasts. Thus, when the Son of Man shall have risen from the dead we will proclaim the favours he has mercifully granted us on Thabor.

Why was Christ transfigured in the presence of His apostles on Mount Thabor? To permit them to see the glorious majesty of His divinity; to guard them from doubts when they should afterwards see Him die on Mount Calvary; to encourage the disciples and all the faithful to be patient in all crosses and afflictions, for the bodies of the just at the resurrection will be made like the glorified body of Christ. (Phil. III. 21.)

Why did Moses and Elias appear there? That they might testify, that Jesus was really the Saviour announced by the law and the prophets, and that the law and the prophets received fulfillment in Him. The former was represented by Moses, the latter by Elias.

Why, did Peter wish to build three tabernacles there? The delightful sweetness of the apparition in which Jesus made him participator so enraptured him, that he knew not what he said, not considering that glory can be attained only through sufferings, the crown through fight, joy through crosses and afflictions.

In the Offertory, the Church, bids us meditate on the commandments of God. Would that we might love them as fervently as the Royal Prophet, whose words these are!

The holy sacrifice of the Mass is a source of devotion; let us, as the Church, **in the Secret**, prays we may, profit by our to-day's assistance at it. It contains the pledge and price of our Salvation, and, if we put no obstacle in the way, will complete our reconciliation with our Lord.

The penitent soul, having seen how this ineffable Mystery has given her to enjoy the presence of Him who is her Saviour and her Judge, offers to him her prayers with all the fervour of confidence. She says to him these words of the Psalmist, which form the **Communion-Antiphon**: Understand my cry, hearken to the voice of my prayer, O my King and my God! for to thee will I pray, O Lord!

In the Postcommunion, the Church prays especially for those of her children, who have partaken of the Victim she has just been offering. Jesus has nourished them with his own Flesh; it behoves them to prove themselves worthy of him by the renewal of their lives.